Enduring Understandings

- Artists use tools and resources as well as their own experiences and skills to create art.
- The skills, techniques, elements and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.

- How do the artist's tools affect the outcome of a work of art?
- Why are processes, skills and vocabulary unique to each art form?
- How does artwork reflect the time period, culture, geography, and status of the region's habitants?
- How are the elements of art and principles of design used to convey meaning in graphic design?

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12B Recognize, know, use and	Background, brief history of	View examples of Tin Types,	Observation
demonstrate a variety of appropriate	Photography	Daguerreotypes, Photos, etc. and identify	Discussion
arts elements and principles to	Intro: What is Black and White	which is which	Written quiz
produce, review and revise original	Photography? What is Digital	Timeline	
works in the arts.	Photography?		Successfully login in to computer to test log
0.1.120	D ' . 1'11	T (T) 1 11 1	in and password
9.1.12C Integrate and apply	Basic computer skills	Test Login and password and locate personal drive	Interest survey and Data record are completed and turned in during class.
advanced vocabulary to the arts forms.		personal drive	Expectations and Camera Sign Out form are
iornis.	Responsibilities and expectations for the	Fill out and send home paperwork to be	taken home to be signed
9.1.12H Incorporate the effective	course	signed; explanation of lab fees	taken nome to be signed
and safe use of materials, equipment	course	Visit Mrs. Troxell's webpage for	paperwork is signed and returned
and tools into the production of		assignments, etc.	Observation and practice
works in the arts at work and			Complete camera card info
performance spaces.		Collect paperwork signed	Name written of film and paper distributed
			to those who have brought in signed
9.1.12J Analyze and evaluate the	Responsibility/ownership of tools,	Digital cameras – who has them and who	paperwork and lab fees
use of traditional and contemporary	materials and supplies	will need to borrow cameras?	
technologies for producing,		Assign SLR cameras (camera card) –	
performing and exhibiting works in		Name, HR, etc. and distribute film and	
the arts or the works of others.		paper	
9.3.12A Explain and apply the		Collect paperwork signed	
critical examination processes of			
works in the arts and humanities.	Introduction to 35mm SLR, parts and	Introduce SLR camera - parts and operation	Review parts of camera with PowerPoint –
	operation	- identification	identify parts of camera verbally – verbal
			quiz
	Knowledge of parts of 35mm SLR and	Review camera parts and operation – use	
	film	cameras and handout with parts to identify:	
		Identify parts	
		Explain the purpose of each part	

Knowledge and Understanding of parts and operation of 35mm SLR, exposure settings	Explain the relationship of aperture to shutter speed Read light meter(s) and use to set correct exposure Explain parts of film – layers, film speeds Practice taking pictures –use light meter to determine exposure settings and "take pictures" – practice, no film in camera	Exposure exercise-observe using the built in light meter, determine exposure settings, set aperture and shutter speed and "take a picture" and record settings on handout
Point of View Use of camera	Shooting assignment - Subject Relating to the Environment Comprehend bird's eye and worm's eye views Load film in camera Read light meter Apply correct exposure setting by setting aperture and shutter speed accurately Apply comprehension of point of view when taking pictures Rewind film	Successfully load film in camera-monitored through observation in class
Reading and Writing	Read an article about "Exposure Settings" in Photography and respond to writing prompt in the "Photo Blog" Read an article about "Common Mistakes" in photography and respond to writing prompt in the "Photo Blog"	Written response posted to the Photo Blog Written response posted to the Photo Blog
Film development and equipment: Tank Lid Reel Spool can opener spool film black bag developer stop bath fixer water	Transfer film to tank Identify developing tank parts Explain purpose of each tank part Understand film developing procedures Process film Understand how to dry film Dry film	Monitored with direct guidance, peer review and observation

Perma wash photo flow The Darkroom, enlargements and equipment: Enlargers contact sheet/photogram frame film cardboard negative sleeve negative carrier photographic paper paper cutter scissors developer stop bath fixer water quipments developer squeegee drying cabinet	Create enlargements:	Verbal checks for understanding Assessed with checklist/rubric
Collect, organize and store digital images	Use card readers to read digital material and transfer images from card to individual student's "Z" drive.	Digital images are transferred to "Z" drive and are in the "images" folder within the "photo" folder
Guidelines for good composition	Review and view images that exhibit the basic guidelines for composition: Simplicity Rule of Thirds Lines and Shapes- [C-curves; S-curves; Diagonal lines; Triangles etc.] Balance Framing Mergers	Digital images are transferred to "Z" drive, saved in the "composition skills: folder, and a contact sheet is created with Photoshop and images are labeled identifying which Compositional Guideline is represented
Equipment:	Composition Skills Assignment – digitally, shoot examples of examples of guidelines compositions. Use Photoshop to create a contact sheet of the images that are examples of the 6 guidelines (change info of each image to identify the rule/guideline represented	

Photo Blog and reading and writing The Darkroom, enlargements and equipment: • Enlargers • contact sheet/photogram frame • film • cardboard • negative sleeve • negative carrier • photographic paper • paper cutter • scissors • developer • stop bath • fixer • water • squeegee • drying cabinet	 use the menu option to "create contact sheet II" locate the folder the images are stored in determine the size and layout of the thumbnails, execute the contact sheet save Read an article about" Composition in Photography Create enlargements: Identify enlarger parts Explain purpose of each enlarger part Understand how to enlarge a print Compare camera (capture) to enlarger (projection) Create test strips and a contact sheet of negatives Enlarge a negative Indentify developing chemicals Explain purpose of each chemical Understand how to develop a print Enlarge a negative- Create test strips and 5"x7" print Develop a print Understand how to dry prints Dry prints 	Written response posted to the Photo Blog Quiz on enlarging Successfully enlarge and create test strips, contact sheet, prints – assessed with Photo Rubric
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Enduring Understandings

- Artists use tools and resources as well as their own experiences and skills to create art.
- The skills, techniques, elements and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.

- How do artists use tools and resources, as well as their own experiences and skills, to create art.
- Why are processes, skills and vocabulary unique to each art form.
- Artists use elements and principles of design to organize visual communication.

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12A Know and use the elements and principles of each art form to create works in the arts and humanities. 9.1.12B Recognize, know, use and demonstrate a variety of appropriate arts elements and principles to produce, review and revise original works in the arts. 9.1.12C Integrate and apply advanced vocabulary to the arts forms. 9.1.12H Incorporate the effective and safe use of materials, equipment	Digital Photography and Photo-editing Tools: Photoshop and the following tools: Crop Tool Selection tools:	Create a simple design: make a "New page" File>New (Cmd/Ctr N) Use "Marquis" tool (rectangular, oval, bar) to create areas of selection Fill selected areas with colors: to create shapes deselect create more feather fill Use lasso tools to select part of an image; use the "Move" tool to move that selection to somewhere else in the image	Checklists and observation
and tools into the production of works in the arts at work and performance spaces. 9.3.12A Explain and apply the critical examination processes of works in the arts and humanities.	Select, de-select – Cmd/Ctr D, invert selection Copy – Cmd/Ctr C, paste – Cmd/Ctr V, image paste into	Create a composite: Combine 2 images in on by using the "Move" tool to drag one image into another (background). Soften the combination by erasing part of the image added to the background image	
9.3.12E Examine and evaluate various types of critical analysis of works in the arts and humanities.		Select part of an image that you want to draw attentions to create a center of interest. Invert selection to create a vignette. Fill with white, black or subtle color and lower opacity to create soft frame or border	
	Layers, the layers palette, filter gallery and keyboard shortcuts	Create a digital collage: Select part of an image with a selection tool of choice Create a new layer – Cmd/Ctr J, "New Layer" icon in layers palette, "Layer", "New Layer" in Menu Bar Click on layer to make active	

the SLR cameras. Demonstrate that the exposure settings on the camera can be manipulated to create the desired effect. Knowledge of the Elements of Composition. Produce a CONTACT SHEET that summarizes photos. Use the darkroom and enlargers to create prints from negatives. Tools: 35mm camera B&W film Teading and writing what is Depth of Field? What is Depth of Field? What makes a good portrait? Landscape info proper use of camera Create and an article on "The importance of Depth of Field an article on "The importance of to writing prompt in writing Read an article on "Landscape Guidelines" and respond to writing prompt in writing Critique/criticism model What is Septondord and the original and writing and respond to writing prompt in writing What makes a good portrait? Read an article on "Common Mistakes" and respond to writing prompt in writing Critique/criticism model	Subject matter for photography: • portrait • landscape • close-up Demonstrate knowledge of and use of	Cmd/Ctr click in the thumbnail in the layer to re-select Sample filter gallery (all folders in filter gallery, at least half of the filters in folder) by applying to selections of the image Take pictures in the following genres controlling Depth of Field – the range of focus in photograph: Use a SLR 35mm cameras, to take 36 pictures that demonstrate different	Shoot the entire roll of film. Subject is framed and composed, proper exposure settings image is in focus. Images reflect shallow, medium and deep Depth of Field. Documented with completed log sheet – could be assessed
• 35mm camera • B&W film reading and writing • What is Depth of Field? • What makes a good portrait? • Landscape info • proper use of camera • Read an article on "The importance of Depth of Field or Writing prompt in writing Read Photo Blog: "Light Usage" "Portrait" "Portrait elements" Read an article on "Landscape Guidelines" and respond to writing prompt in writing Read an article on "Common Mistakes" and respond to writing prompt in writing	the SLR cameras. Demonstrate that the exposure settings on the camera can be manipulated to create the desired effect. Knowledge of the Elements of Composition. Produce a CONTACT SHEET that summarizes photos. Use the darkroom and enlargers to create	variations of depth of field – shallow depth of field (close-up, details), medium depth of field (portraits 3-6ft.), great depth of field (panoramic, landscape, everything in sharp focus) Keep a log of conditions, camera settings, date, etc. to create that photograph - this log will be turned in with film and will describe subject matter, identify the lighting, and	with rubric Film developed, create, print and turn-in a contact sheet of all shots taken – assessed with checklist TWO 5 x 17 images printed and placed in sheet protectors in binder – assessed with
reading and writing What is Depth of Field? What makes a good portrait? Landscape info proper use of camera Read an article on "The importance of Depth of Field in Photography" and respond to writing prompt in writing Read Photo Blog: "Light Usage" "Portrait" "Portrait elements" Read an article on "Landscape Guidelines" and respond to writing prompt in writing Read an article on "Common Mistakes" and respond to writing prompt in writing	• 35mm camera	in a plastic protector in binder. Create a contact sheet and store in binder with test strips.	
	What is Depth of Field?What makes a good portrait?Landscape info	Read an article on "The importance of Depth of Field in Photography" and respond to writing prompt in writing Read Photo Blog: "Light Usage" "Portrait" "Portrait elements" Read an article on "Landscape Guidelines" and respond to writing prompt in writing Read an article on "Common Mistakes"	
VARIABLE/ATTICISM MOREA	Critique/criticism model	and respond to writing prompt in writing	

DescribeAnalyzeEvaluateJudge	Hang 1 example of shallow, medium, and great depth of field Use criticism model to critique photos	

Enduring Understandings

- The skills, techniques, elements and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.
- Artists use tools and resources as well as their own experiences and skills to create art.
- People have expressed experiences and ideas through the arts throughout time and across cultures.

- How do the artist's tools affect the outcome of a work of art?
- How does an individual's informed choices and appropriate application of media, techniques and/or process enhance personal expression and determine the quality of art.
- How do artists use style to express an experience or idea?

9.1.12B Recognize, know, use and	Genres of subject matter in photography:	Take pictures with 35mm SLR:	Roll of developed film that has images that
demonstrate a variety of appropriate			reflect:
arts elements and principles to	Abstraction and Close-up	Abstraction – use framing to compose	Abstraction
produce, review and revise original		abstract image that relies on value, shape,	Community
works in the arts.		line and contrast. Get close to image to	
		eliminate details and simplify composition	
9.1.12C Integrate and apply			
advanced vocabulary to the arts	T. 1	D 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	B 1 '41 4 4 1 4 14 4 1
forms.	Techniques in photography:	Bracketing: take at least 6 pictures – 2 will be the correct exposure	Properly printed contact sheet and test strips – may be assessed with rubric
9.2.12.C: Relate works in the arts to	Bracketing Eiler development	2 will be overexposed (by adjusting shutter	Properly developed and printed
varying styles and genre and to the	Film development	speed and aperture)	enlargements – assessed with Photo Rubric
periods in which they were created	Enlargements	2 will be underexposed (by adjusting shutter	emargements assessed with I noto Rubite
periods in which they were created		speed and aperture)	
9.2.12.K: Identify, explain and		Special and Special sp	
analyze traditions as they relate to			
works in the arts	Images of community	Community – your sense of community	
		(pictures taken both with SLR and digital	
9.1.12H Incorporate the effective		camera)	
and safe use of materials, equipment			
and tools into the production of		Develop film, create contact sheet, and	
works in the arts at work and		create 4 enlargements of abstraction	
performance spaces.		D: (C	
9.1.12J Analyze and evaluate the		Prints for community will be used in 4 th month photo collage/montage	
use of traditional and contemporary		month photo conage/montage	
technologies for producing,	Artists work in various styles to express	Classify photos in terms of style, e.g.	
performing and exhibiting works in	, 1	realistic, abstraction, etc. and explain why	
the arts or the works of others.	experiences and ideas.	the photographers chose a particular style	
		for each work.	
9.3.12A Explain and apply the			
critical examination processes of			
works in the arts and humanities.	Reading and Writing	Read articles for Photo Blog and using	Completed Photo Blog posts for topics
	Abstraction in Photography	writing prompts respond to:	following writing prompts
	The use of light in	"Abstraction in Photography"	
	photography	"Use of Light"	
		Hang examples of abstraction.	
	Critique/criticism model	Use criticism model to critique photos	
	• Describe	ose enticism model to entique photos	
	Analyze		
	• Evaluate		
	• Judge		
	Distal Edition (Dhatashan)	Using digital pictures taken by student:-	Completed cartoon effect, oil painting
	Digital Editing (Photoshop):	Make corrections and adjustments;	effect, line art, watercolor effect, motion
	• Corrections/adjustments	Dodge and burn	blur
	Image paste into/fill Artistic charges	Adjust levels and balance	(all above could be assessed with required
	Artistic changes Legans	Dust and scratches	criteria in checklist/rubric)
	Layers Keyboard shortcuts	Use filters to greate a "cortoon offeet"	
	Keyboard shortcuts	Use filters to create a "cartoon effect"	

• Image size • Action sets	Create "line art" effect with digital photo: filters, layers, blend modes, adjust levels Add a white border to photo: keyboard shortcuts, resize an image, copy and paste Add a motion blur to a photo – visual effect: adjustments layer, filters, layer masks Create an "oil painting effect": create an action set, adjust saturation, filters, effect layers, keyboard shortcuts, adjustments – de-saturate, blend modes, change opacity, apply action to other photos Create an "watercolor effect": create an action set, adjust saturation, filters, effect layers, keyboard shortcuts, adjustments – de-saturate, blend modes, change opacity, apply action to other photos
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Enduring Understandings

- Artists use tools and resources as well as their own experiences and skills to create art.
- The arts provide a medium to understand and exchange ideas.
- People have expressed experiences and ideas through the arts throughout time and across cultures.
- People use both aesthetic and critical processes to assess quality, interpret meaning and determine value.

- How are the skills, techniques, elements, and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined, and practiced.
- How do artists use tools and resources, as well as their own experiences and skills, to create art.
- How do the artist's tools affect the outcome of a work of art?
- How does multimedia art help people understand ideas?
- How do artists use style to express an experience or idea?

• Why do people value and engage with art?

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12B Recognize, know, use and demonstrate a variety of appropriate arts elements and principles to produce, review and revise original works in the arts.	Genres of subject matter in photography: Action	Take pictures with 35mm SLR camera: Take action – use shutter speed to: Freeze action Create a motion blur with panning Create a total blur	Roll of film shot, developed and contact sheet created and images reflects action – assess with Photo Rubric
9.1.12C Integrate and apply advanced vocabulary to the arts forms.9.1.12G. Analyze the effect of	Critique/criticism model	Hang 1 example of: freeze, blur, and pan. Use criticism model to critique photos	Narrative video completed – assessed with rubric
rehearsal and practice sessions. 9.1.12.E: Delineate a unifying theme through the production of a work of art that reflects skills in media processes and techniques.	Narrative/documentary	Digital pictures: Narrative – images based upon a theme tell and story and have a beginning, middle and end Develop storyline in journal: • mission statement – what is	Post written responses to the Photo Blog
9.1.12J Analyze and evaluate the use of traditional and contemporary technologies for producing, performing and exhibiting works in the arts or the works of others. 9.3.12A Explain and apply the	Reading and writing articles	theme and what is story about outline document taking pictures that tell story Create a video with pictures and create music to add to video	
critical examination processes of works in the arts and humanities. 9.4.12.B: Describe and analyze the effects that works in the arts have on groups, individuals and the culture	Techniques in photography:	Read articles for Photo Blog and using writing prompts respond to: "Action" "Expressions of Emotion" View examples and discuss techniques used to create collages/montages Discuss how artists work in various styles to express experiences and ideas.	Progress of collage/montage could be monitored/assessed through: Exit tickets Checklists Observation Interviews (peer, teacher)
	Romeare Bearden Larry Rivers Robert Rauschenberg	Plan and develop collage/photomontage in sketch journal	
		Create a collage/photomontage – can be traditional B&W, digital or a combination Can be mixed media in the manner of Bearden, Rivers and/or Rauschenberg	
	The study of aesthetics includes the examination of the nature and value of	Describe the nature and value of a particular work of art using terms from aesthetics.	

	art. Digital Editing: Corrections/adjustments Image paste into/fill Artistic changes Action sets History- Mandalas Pop art – Warhol and Lichtenstein Apple, iTunes, iTunes cards	Create a Mandala Create an alternate versions of mandala by applying adjustment layer(s) Use selection tools, filters and adjustment layers to create an "Andy Warhol" type screen print effect Use filters and adjustment layers to create a "Lichtenstein Comic Book Effect" Use selection tools, layers, fill, transparency, text, gradients, vector art to create and ITunes card	Progress monitored/assessed through: Observation Checklists Peer review
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Enduring Understandings

- The skills, techniques, elements and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.
- Artists use tools and resources as well as their own experiences and skills to create art.
- The arts provide a medium to understand and exchange ideas.
- People have expressed experiences and ideas through the arts throughout time and across cultures.
- There are formal and informal processes used to assess the quality of works in the arts.

- How are the elements of art and principles of design used to convey meaning in a work of art?
- What elements/principles of design do artists use?
- How are elements/ principles of design used to create art?
- How do the artist's tools affect the outcome of a work of art?
- How do artists use style to express an experience or idea?
- What role does the critique play in an artist's development?
- How does art reflect culture and history?

- How does art influence culture and history?What is the value of feedback and self-evaluation?

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12.A, 9.1.12.B, 9.1.12.C, 9.1.12.E, 9.1.12.H 9.1.12.K,	Overview of course: the importance of sketchbooks/homework the importance of drawing from life	recognize the importance that practice and drawing from life have in developing one's drawing skill and portfolio of work	Content vocabulary through quiz/test/discussion (for example)
9.1.12.R, 9.1.12.D, 9.1.12.J 9.2.12.C	Contour Line Drawing	define art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section)	all other content and
9.3.12.A, 9.3.12.B, 9.3.12.E, 9.3.12.G	Blind Contour Line Drawing Review of rendering:	discuss their artwork and that of others using art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content"	skills through products
	value contrast gradation	section) create a contour line drawing	
	hard/soft edges techniques: shading, hatch/cross-hatching, stippling and scribbling	create a blind contour line drawing	
	Drawing pencils: use of, differences between	create a shaded pencil drawing	
	6H through 6B	create contrast and a full range of value in a pencil drawing	
	Erasers: use of, differences between vinyl, kneaded, "pink"	choose the right tools (pencils and erasers) to accomplish the desired effects in a drawing	
	Composition: the rule of thirds	create a composition that demonstrates a	
	negative space	consideration of the rule of thirds, negative	
	unity balance focal point	space, unity, variety, balance and focal point create and use thumbnail sketches to plan	

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	variety	ideas and composition
	thumbnail sketches	
		demonstrate the skill of blocking-in a
	Blocking-in	composition before starting any detailed
		drawing
	Foreshortening	
		draw a foreshortened object correctly (the
	homework: practice in drawing from life,	way it appears from one's point of view)
	focusing especially on creating visual texture	may to appears from one s point of the my
	that represents real texture	create visual texture that represents real
	that represents real texture	texture
		texture
L		

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- What role does the critique play in an artist's development?
- How does art reflect culture and history?
- How does art influence culture and history?
- What is the value of feedback and self-evaluation?

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12.A, 9.1.12.B, 9.1.12.C, 9.1.12.E, 9.1.12.H 9.1.12.K, 9.1.12.D, 9.1.12.J 9.2.12.C 9.3.12.A, 9.3.12.B, 9.3.12.E, 9.3.12.G	homework: practice in drawing from life, observation skills; focusing especially on creating visual texture that represents real texture portrait, ³ / ₄ view, self-portrait from life to obtain a true likeness of a person the artist must observe the very subtle differences in shape of the facial features of different people foreshortening as it applies to facial features in a ³ / ₄ view color theory, color-mixing:	create visual texture that represents real texture define art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section) discuss their artwork and that of others using art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section) create a self-portrait in ¾ view that has a good likeness to themselves and demonstrates the ability to observe and recreate shape subtleties, foreshortening, value and color	Content vocabulary through quiz/test/discussion (for example) all other content and skills through products

primaries demonstrate knowledge of color theory by secondaries mixing color to recreate realistic color and neutrals value they see in life intermediates/tertiaries complementaries cool colors and warm colors cooler vs. warmer versions of a color intensity/brightness dull the intensity of a color with its complement making good shadow colors: by adding a cooler color by adding the complement adding black---least desirable making highlight colors: by adding white by warming up the color black: is dull/lifeless, makes colors dull/lifeless when added to them better to make it from dark brown and dark blue---has more energy and interest acrylic painting techniques: demonstrate the ability to use acrylic paint brush techniques and painting tools to achieve a likeness from mixing techniques life blending techniques: wet-in-wet scumbling drybrush glazing texture techniques:

using a neutral ground	
(current and/or historical)investigating the style and technique of one or more artists and using the knowledge gained to influence the artist's aspect of to discuss the control of th	trate the knowledge of a professional style or technique by using some of it in their own work and being able ss what was learned and how it was to their own work

Enduring Understandings

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- There are formal and informal processes used to assess the quality of works in the arts.

Essential Questions

• How are the elements of art and principles of design used to convey meaning in a work of art?

- What elements/principles of design do artists use? How are elements/ principles of design used to create art? How do the artist's tools affect the outcome of a work of art?

- How do artists use style to express an experience or idea? What role does the critique play in an artist's development?
- How does art reflect culture and history?
- How does art influence culture and history?
 What is the value of feedback and self-evaluation?

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12.A, 9.1.12.B, 9.1.12.C,	homework: practice in drawing from life, focusing especially on drapery, reflective	improved drawing and observation skills	Content vocabulary through
9.1.12.E, 9.1.12.H 9.1.12.K, 9.1.12.D,	surfaces and observation of detail	define art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section)	quiz/test/discussion (for example)
9.1.12.J 9.2.12.C 9.3.12.A, 9.3.12.B,		discuss their artwork and that of others using art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section)	all other content and skills through products
9.3.12.E, 9.3.12.G	graphic vs. gradual rendering	identify and create both a graphically	
	depth in a work of 2D art	rendered artwork and a gradually rendered artwork	
	collage:		
	what is it?	recognize the work of a couple of well-known	
	history of collage in fine art well-known collage artists and their work	collage artists	
	materials	brainstorm ideas and plan a composition that	
	techniques:	has depth	
	work background to foreground		
	work general to more and more detailed	create an image by cutting/tearing and gluing	
	manipulating materials to create a more three-dimensional effect/ texture	shapes of color/value/texture together	
	painting glue/water solution for tissue	creatively solve problems that arise from	
	paper	trying to create an image in this unfamiliar	

layering tissue paper for color-mixing	way	
and blending		
tearing vs. cutting	render with collage techniques	
small vs. large pieces gradation with pieces of color/value	anata and use taytume in a yearly of out	
gradation with pieces of color/value	create and use texture in a work of art	

Enduring Understandings

- The skills, techniques, elements and principles of the arts can be learned, studied, refined and practiced.
- Artists use tools and resources as well as their own experiences and skills to create art.
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- How are elements/ principles of design used to create art?
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- What role does the critique play in an artist's development?
- How does art reflect culture and history?
- How does art influence culture and history?
- What is the value of feedback and self-evaluation?

Standards	Content	Skills/Competency	Assessment
9.1.12.A, 9.1.12.B, 9.1.12.C, 9.1.12.E, 9.1.12.H 9.1.12.D, 9.1.12.J 9.2.12.C 9.3.12.A, 9.3.12.B, 9.3.12.E, 9.3.12.G	homework: practice in drawing from life, focusing especially on art history: styles of various artists/art movements.	define art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section) discuss their artwork and that of others using art vocabulary (bold terms in "Content" section)	Content vocabulary through quiz/test/discussion (for example) all other content and skills through products